

OPERATOR'S MANUAL AND PARTS CATALOG

FOR DYJ SERIES

ELECTRIC GENERATING SETS



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INTRODUCTION

FOREWORD

This manual is applicable to the DYJ Series electric generating set, consisting of an Onan UR Series 45.0KW AC generator, driven by an Allis-Chalmers 2800 engine. Information is provided on installation, operation, troubleshooting and parts ordering for the DYJ set. The manual should be used in conjunction with the Allis Chalmers engine manual, as your specific engine may have variations due to optional equipment available.

WARNING throughout the text to warn of possible injury or death.

CAUTION This symbol is used to warn of possible equipment damage.



MODEL IDENTIFICATION

Identify your model by referring to the MODEL and SPECIFICATION NO. as shown on the Onan nameplate. Electrical characteristics are shown on the lower portion of the nameplate.



- 1. Indicates Kilowatt rating.
- 2. Factory code for SERIES identification.
- Indicates voltage code.
 15 indicates 60 Hz reconnectible.
 R indicates remote electric start.
- 4.-Factory code for designating optional equipment.
- Specification letter. (Advances when factory makes production modifications.)

If it is necessary to contact a dealer or the factory regarding the set, always mention the complete Model, Spec No. and Serial No. as given on the Onan nameplate. This nameplate information is necessary to properly identify your unit among the many types manufactured. Refer to the engine nameplate when requesting information from its manufacturer. The Onan nameplate is located on the right side of the generator; the Allis-Chalmers nameplate is on the right side, on the engine block.

Left side and right side are considered when viewed from the engine or front end of the generating set.

IMPORTANT! RETURN WARRANTY CARD ATTACHED TO UNIT.

SPECIFICATIONS

	•
ENGINE DETAILS	
Engine Manufacturer ALLIS	
Engine Series	2800
Number of Cylinders	6
Displacement	cubic inches
BHP @ 1800 RPM	
Compression Ratio	
Bore	
Stroke	
Fuel ASTM	
Battery Voltage	
Battery Group (Two 6-Volt, 135 A.H.)	
Starting Method	
Governor Regulation	5% maximum
Exhaust Connection (inches pipe thread)	
GENERATOR DETAILS	
GENERATOR DETAILS Type U UI	8.15B 60 Hz
	R 515R 50 Hz
	UR 3R 60 Hz
Rating (Watts)	
60 Hertz Continuous Standby	45,000
50 Hertz Continuous Standby	
AC Voltage Regulation	
60 Hertz RPM	1800
50 Hertz RPM	
Output Rating	
AC Frequency Regulation	
Battery Charging Current	35 Amperes
CAPACITIES	
Cooling System (Includes Radiator)	27 quarts
Engine	11 quarts
Engine Oil Capacity (Filter, Lines, Crankcase)	11 quarts
AIR REQUIREMENTS (1800 RPM)	
Engine Combustion	157 CEM
Radiator Cooled Engine	
Total for Radiator Cooled Model	
Alternator Cooling Air	. 7207 CPW
(1800 RPM)	. 1000 CFM
(1500 RPM)	
Fuel Consumption at Rated Load (ASTM No. 2 Diesel fuel)	4.13 gph.
GENERAL	
Height	52.5 inches
Width	
Length	
Weight (Approx.)	2133 lb.

VOLTS	FREQ.	PHASE	AMPERES	DOUBLE DELTA	SERIES DELTA	PARALLEL WYE	SERIES WYE	REF. VOLTAGE WIRE (W12) TAP
15R				· · · · ·				
120/240	: 60 Hz	1	234	×				H5
115/230	50 Hz	1.	204	- X				H6
120/240	60 Hz	3	135 🐳		x			H5
115/230	50 Hz	- 3	118		X X			H6
120/208	60 Hz	3	156			• x •		H3
127/220	60 Hz	3	148			x		H4
139/240	60 Hz	3	135			x		H5
110/190	50 Hz	3	142			x		H3
115/200	50 Hz	3	136			x		H4
240/416	60 Hz	3	78		•		×	H3
254/440	60 Hz	3	74 .				×	H4
277/480	60 Hz	3	68			· · ·	x	H5
220/380	50 Hz	3	71				x	H3
230/400	50 Hz	3	68				x	H4 ,
9XR								Not (UE)
347/600	60 Hz	3	54				~	Not (H5)
	00112	<u> </u>					X	Reconnectible
3R			· .	•			Ĩ	Not (H5)
120/240	60 Hz	1	234	x	•		•	Reconnectible

TABLE 1. UR GENERATOR VOLTAGE OPTIONS

دمن

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Throughout this manual you will find eye-catching flags containing Warnings and Cautions, alerting you to conditions that could result in danger to you or the equipment, if the notice is ignored.

ONAN recommends that you read your manual and become thoroughly acquainted with it and your equipment before you start your unit. The accumulated experience of ONAN engineers is available to you, enabling you to operate your set in the most efficient and safest manner possible. These recommendations and the following safety precautions are for your protection. Study and know them!

REMEMBER. Most accidents are caused by failure to follow simple and fundamental safety rules or precautions.

Most accidents can be prevented!

KNOW YOUR MANUAL -- KNOW YOUR EQUIP-MENT

General

- Keep your generating set and the surrounding area clean and free from obstructions. Remove all oil deposits; keep the floor clean and dry.
- Provide appropriate fire extinguishers and install them in convenient locations. Consult your local fire department for the correct type of extinguisher to use. Do not use foam or carbon tetrachloride on electrical fires. Use extinguisher rated ABC by NFPA.
- Make sure that all fasteners on the generating set are secure. Tighten supports and clamps, keep guards in position over fans, driving belts, etc.
- Do not wear loose clothing in the vicinity of moving parts, or jewelry while working on electrical equipment.

- If it is necessary to make adjustments while the, unit is running, use extreme caution when close to hot exhausts, moving parts, etc.
- Do not stand on a wet floor while working on electrical equipment. Use rubber insulative mats placed on dry wood platforms.

Fuel System

- DO NOT fill fuel tanks while engine is running, unless tanks are outside engine compartment.
- DO NOT SMOKE OR USE AN OPEN FLAME in the vicinity of the generator set or fuel tank. Internal combustion engine fuels are highly flammable.

REMEMBER — IF YOU CAN SMELL FUMES — YOU'RE COURTING A POSSIBLE EXPLOSION AND FIRE!

- Make sure that oily rags are not left on or near the engine.
- Fuel lines must be of steel piping, adequately secured, and free from leaks. Piping at the engine should be approved flexible line. Do not use copper piping on flexible lines as copper will work harden and become brittle. Use black pipe on natural gas or gaseous fuels, but not on gasoline or diesel fuel.
- Your engine installation should be equipped with a means of positive fuel shutoff in applications when fuel is conducted from a remote source. Fuels under pressure (e.g. natural gas or liquified petroleum gas) should be controlled by a positive shutoff valve, preferably automatic, in addition to any valve integral with the carburetor or gas regulator equipment.

Exhaust System

- Exhaust products of any internal combustion engine are toxic and can cause injury, or death if inhaled. All engine installations, especially those within a confine, should be equipped with an exhaust system to discharge gases to the atmosphere. Do not use exhaust gases to heat a compartment.
- Make sure that your exhaust system is free of leaks. Ensure that exhaust manifolds are secure and have not warped by bolts unevenly torqued.

Coolant System

- Coolants under pressure have a higher boiling point than that of water. DO NOT open a radiator or heat exchanger pressure cap or break a system while the engine is running, and in no case until the system has been bled off.
- Radiator fan belts are guarded for your protection. DO NOT remove covers or guards.
- Keep your hands away from moving parts.

Ventilation System

- Check remote radiators frequently. Remove any dirt, debris, bird nests, etc.
- Check ventilation louvres frequently. Make sure that free-fall louvres and motor operated louvres open and close properly and that there is no restriction in the free air flow.

Electrical System

The electrical installation exterior to your generator should have been performed by qualified licensed electricians. All local and state codes should have been consulted and complied with. It is essential that all load circuit breakers adequately protect electrical functions, all circuits are properly grounded and wiring is correct capacity.

- Tag open switches.
- DON'T tamper with interlocks.
- Before starting work on the generating set, disconnect batteries. This will prevent inadvertent starting of the set.
- Use extreme caution when making adjustments on the electrical components in the control panel while the engine is running. High voltages are present and could cause serious injury or death.
- DO NOT SMOKE while servicing batteries. Verify correct polarity of battery cables before connecting. Lead acid batteries give off a highly explosive hydrogen gas which can be ignited by electrical arcing or by smoking. When connecting batteries, connect the ground lead last.



FIGURE 2. OPTIONAL CONTROL PANEL (FIVE FAULT LAMPS)

DESCRIPTION

GENERAL

An ONAN DYJ Series electric generating set is a complete unit consisting of an engine driven AC generator, with controls and accessories as ordered.

ENGINE

The engine on the DYJ is an Allis-Chalmers 2800 as described in engine manual. Basic measurements and requirements will be found under *Specifications*. However, the engine used for your unit may have variations due to optional equipment available, therefore the Allis-Chalmers manual should be consulted.

AC GENERATOR

The generator is an Onan Type UR15, 12 lead, 4 pole revolving field, reconnectible brushless unit. The alternating current is generated in the stator winding. The alternator rotor, attached directly to the engine flywheel turns at engine speed. Therefore, the speed at which the rotor turns, determines generator output frequency. The 60 hertz set operates at 1800 rpm and the 50 hertz at 1500 rpm. Excitation is achieved by feeding AC output to a voltage regulator, where it is compared with a reference voltage in the regulator, rectified and returned to the field of the exciter, then to the exciter armature, rectified and fed to the generator field. The UR generator is available in 30 and 10 output. Excitation and control are the same.

CONTROL PANEL

The following is a brief description of the standard controls and instruments located on the face of the panel. See Figure 1.

DC PANEL

Panel Light and Switch: Illuminates control panel.

Oil Pressure Gauge: Indicates pressure of lubricating oil in engine (wired to a sensor unit located on the engine).

Water Temperature Gauge: Indicates temperature of circulating coolant in engine. (Wired to a sensor unit located on the engine.)

Battery Charge Rate DC Ammeter: Indicates the battery charging current.

Run-Stop Reset-Remote Switch: Starts and stops the unit locally or from a remote location.

Warning Light: Indicates "Fault" in engine operation.

AC PANEL

AC Voltmeter: Indicates AC generator output voltage. Dual range instrument: measurement range in use shown on indicator light.

AC Ammeter: Indicates AC generator output current. Dual range instrument: measurement range in use shown on indicator light.

Voltmeter-Ammeter Phase Selector Switch: Selects the phases of the generator output to be measured by the AC voltmeter and AC ammeter.

Voltage Regulator: Rheostat provides approximately plus or minus 5% adjustment of the rated output voltage.

Exciter Circuit Breaker: Provides generator exciter and regulator protection from overheating in the event of certain failure modes of the generator, exciter and voltage regulator.

Running Time Meter: Registers the total number of hours, to 1/10th that the unit has run. Use it to keep a record for periodic servicing. Time is accumulative; meter cannot be reset.

Frequency Meter: Indicates the frequency of the generator output in hertz. It can be used to check engine speed. (Each hertz equals 30 rpm.)

OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT DC PANEL

Warning Lights: Eliminates the one "*Fault*" light and substitutes five indicator lights to give warning of —

- a. Overcrank
- b. Overspeed
- c. Low oil pressure
- d. High engine temperature
- e. Low engine temperature

Operation of these lights will be discussed in conjunction with engine monitor panel. See Figure 2.

Lamp Test: Press to test warning lamp bulbs (when engine is running only).

CONTROL PANEL INTERIOR

The only equipments discussed in this section will be those which the operator may have reason to adjust or inspect for service.

Terminal Board (TB) 21: Connection of wire W12 to terminals H3, H4, H5, and H6 is made at this point, to change reference voltage when reconnecting generator for different voltages. Refer to Figure 14.

Voltage Regulator: Solid state unit, consisting of VR21, CR21 and L21. Controls AC output from generator at predetermined level regardless of load. Regulation plus or minus 2% from no load to full load, 0.8 P.F.

Engine Monitor: Printed circuit plug-in modules provide the following functions:

- 1. A 75 second cranking period.
- 2. Approximately a 12-1/2 second time delay for oil pressure buildup.
- An external alarm contact to light a fault lamp and shut down the set for alarm conditions such as:
 - a. Overcrank (failed to start after cranking 75 seconds).
 - b. Overspeed (engine speed reaches 2100 rpm).

c. Low oil pressure (14 psi).

d. High engine temperature (215°F).

On standard control panels, all four alarms are wired into one common fault lamp; on units with five fault lamps, four have shutdown alarms, the fifth (low engine temperature) lights a fault lamp only. Refer to Table 2.

Standard Cranking Module: Limits engine cranking time to 75 seconds. If engine fails to start after 75 seconds the engine monitor lights a fault lamp and opens the cranking circuit.

OPTIONAL MODULES

Cycle Cranker: Plug-in module replaces standard cranking circuit. Automatically provides a 15-second crank time and a 10-second rest time for three ON and two OFF cycles in 65 seconds. If engine fails to start, after 75-seconds the engine monitor lights a fault lamp and opens the cranking circuit:

Pre-Alarm: Gives advance warning for low oil pressure or high engine temperature. Requires two sensors each for engine temperature and oil pressure.

SYSTEM	FAULT	FAULT LAMP	STOP ENGINE	EXTERNAL ALARM	PRE- ALARM
PENN STATE.					•
SINGLE LIGHT		•	· · ·		
· · ·	Overcrank	×	X	X .	
	Overspeed	x	• X	x	
	Low Oil Pressure	x		x	
	High Engine Temperature	x		x	
STANDARD					
SINGLE LIGHT					
	Overcrank	· · · X	x	x	
	Overspeed	. x	×	x	
	Low Oil Pressure	x '	×	x	
	High Engine Temperature	x	×	x	
5 LIGHT	Overcrank	X	x	x	
	Overspeed	x	×	x	
	Low Oil Pressure	×	×	x .	
	High Engine Temperature	x	×	x	
	Low Engine Temperature	x '	· · ·		
5 LIGHT					
PRE-ALARM	Overcrank	X	×	x	
	Overspeed	×	×	×	
	Low Oil Pressure	x	*	x	x
	High Engine Temperature	x	*	x '	×
•	Low Engine Temperature	x			

TABLE 2. FAULT LAMP OPTIONS

* - With additional optional sensors.



FIGURE 3. TYPICAL INSTALLATION

INSTALLATION

GENERAL

Installations must be considered individually. Use these instructions as a general guide. Meet regulations of local building codes, fire ordinances, etc., which may affect installation details. See Figure 3.

Installation points to consider include:

- 1. Level mounting surface.
- 2. Adequate cooling air.
- 3. Adequate fresh induction air.
- 4. Discharge of circulated air.
- 5. Discharge of exhaust gases.
- 6. Electrical connections.
- 7. Fuel connections.
- 8. Water connections.
- 9. Accessibility for operation and servicing.
- 10. Vibration isolation.
- 11. Noise levels.

LOCATION

Provide a location that is protected from the weather and is dry, clean, dust free and well ventilated. If practical, install inside a heated building for protection from extremes in weather conditions.

MOUNTING

Generating sets are mounted on a rigid skid base which provides proper support. Install vibration isolators between skid base and foundation. For convenience in draining crankcase oil and general servicing, mount set on raised pedestals (at least 6 inches high). If mounting in a trailer, or for other mobile applications, bolt securely in place. Extra support for the vehicle flooring may be necessary. Bolting down is recommended for stationary installations.

VENTILATION

Generating sets create considerable heat which must be removed by proper ventilation. Outdoor installations rely on natural air circulation but mobile and indoor installations need properly sized and positioned vents for the required air flow. See *Specifications* for the air required to operate with rated load under normal conditions at 1800 rpm. **Radiator set** cooling air travels from the rear of the set to the front end. Locate the room or compartment air inlet where most convenient, preferably to the rear of the set. Make the inlet opening at least as large as the radiator area (preferably 1-1/2 times larger).

Engine heat is removed by a pusher fan which blows cooling air out through the front of the radiator. Locate the cooling air outlet directly in front of the radiator and as close as practical. The opening size should be at least as large as the radiator area. Length and shape of the air outlet duct should offer minimum restriction to air flow. Use a duct of canvas or sheet metal between the radiator and the air outlet opening. The duct prevents recirculation of heated air.

Provide a means of restricting the air flow in cold weather to keep the room or compartment temperature at a normal point. ,

A shelter housing with electrically operated louvres is available as an option. Transformers connected across the generator output supply current to the motors.

When the generator is operating, current in the transformers actuate the motors and open the louvres. The louvres are held open for the duration of the set operation, then are closed by return springs when the set is shut down.

City water cooled sets do not use the conventional radiator. A constantly changing water flow cools the engine. Ventilation is seldom a problem, but sufficient air movement and fresh air must be available to properly cool the generator, disperse heat convected off the engine and support combustion in the engine.

For small compartments, a duct of equal or larger area than generator outlet is recommended to remove the heated air from the generator air outlet to the outside atmosphere. Limit bends and use radius type elbows where needed. A larger, well ventilated compartment or room does not require a hot air duct.

Installations made in a small room may require installation of an auxiliary fan (connected to operate only when the plant is running) of sufficient size to assure proper air circulation.

CITY WATER COOLING

An optional method of engine cooling, in place of the conventional radiator and fan, uses a constant pressure water supply. This is referred to as CITY WATER COOLING. There are two varieties of city water cooling: the HEAT EXCHANGER SYSTEM and STANDPIPE SYSTEM. See Figures 4 and 5.



FIGURE 4. TYPICAL HEAT EXCHANGER SYSTEM

The HEAT EXCHANGER provides for a closed engine cooling system. Engine coolant flows through a tubed chamber, keeping the coolant separate from the cool "raw" water supply. The coolant chamber must be filled for operation, as for a radiator cooled set.





The STANDPIPE SYSTEM uses a mixing or tempering tank. Cooling water that circulates through the engine mixes with a source of cool "raw" water. The "raw" water supply must be free of scale forming lime or other impurities.

On both systems use flexible pipe for connecting water supply and outlet flow pipes to engine. Pipe the outlet flow to a convenient drain. Install an electric solenoid valve and a rate of flow valve in the water supply line. The electric solenoid valve opens and allows water flow through the system only when the plant operates. The rate of flow valve, either automatic or manual, provides for the proper flow rate to the engine. Adjust the flow to maintain water temperature between 165 degrees and 195 degrees while viewing the water temperature gauge.

Before filling cooling system check all hardware for security. This includes hose clamps, capscrews, fittings and connections. Use flexible coolant lines with heat exchanger, standpipe or remote mounting radiator.

WATER JACKET HEATER (Optional)

This heater is installed to maintain an elevated engine temperature in lower ambient temperature applications. It heats and circulates engine coolant, and is thermostatically controlled (Figure 19).

EXHAUST

WARNING

Inhalation of exhaust gases can result in death.

Engine exhaust gas must be piped outside building or enclosure. Do not terminate exhaust pipe near inlet vents or combustible materials. An approved thimble (Figure 6) must be used where exhaust pipes pass through walls or partitions. Pitch exhaust pipes downward or install a condensation trap (Figure 7) at the point where a rise in the exhaust system begins. Avoid sharp bends; use sweeping long radius elbows. Provide adequate support for mufflers and exhaust pipes. Refer to Figure 3 for a typical exhaust installation. Shield or insulate exhaust lines if there is danger of personal contact. Allow at least 9-inches of clearance if the pipes run close to a combustible wall or partition. Use a pipe at least as large as the 3-inch pipe size outlet of the engine with a flexible portion



FIGURE 7. EXHAUST CONDENSATION TRAP



FIGURE 6. EXHAUST THIMBLE

between the engine and the muffler. Do not connect a flexible line to the exhaust manifold. Minimum diameters and maximum lengths of pipe are as follows:

Single Exhaust system:

3-inch pipe	 89-feet
3½-inch pipe	

Maximum permissible exhaust restriction (back pressure) is 3-inches Hg.



FIGURE 8. DAY TANK INSTALLATION

FUEL SYSTEM

The Allis-Chalmers engines used on the DYJ sets are designed for use with ASTM No.2 Diesel fuel. They will however, operate on diesel fuels within the specifications delineated in Topic 7 of the Allis-Chalmers engine manual.

FUEL CONNECTIONS

Check local regulations governing the installation of a fuel supply tank.

In any diesel engine installation, fuel system cleanliness is of utmost importance. Make every effort to prevent entrance of moisture or contaminants of any kind. Do not use lines or fittings of galvanized material.

The maximum fuel lift without any horizontal run should not exceed 8-feet. The horizontal run, if the supply tank is level with the fuel pump, should not exceed 12½-feet. Use 1/2-inch tubing for the fuel supply line. The inlet fitting on the fuel filter is threaded for a 7/8-inch SAE flared fitting. Use %-inch tubing for the fuel return line from the injector manifold; the fitting in the injector manifold is threaded for a ¾-inch SAE flared fitting. The fuel pump return line is threaded for a %-inch SAE flared fitting. Use %-inch tubing for the fuel pump return line.

DAY TANK

Generator set installations may be equipped with an optional integral fuel Day tank. A float operated valve controls fuel flow of up to 300 psi into the fuel tank. The correct level is maintained to assure a constant source of fuel. It is necessary to install an overflow line between the Day tank and the main fuel tank. Refer to the installations included with the tank. See Figure 8 for an example of a Day tank installation.

BATTERY

Starting the plant requires 12-volt battery current. Use two 6-volt (see specification) batteries for a normal installation. Connect the batteries in series (negative post of first battery to positive post of second) as in Figure 9. Necessary battery cables are on unit. Service the batteries as necessary. Infrequent plant use (as in emergency standby service) may allow the batteries to self-discharge to the point where they cannot start the plant. If installing an automatic transfer switch that has no built-in charge circuit, connect a separate trickle charger. Onan automatic transfer switches include such a battery charging.circuit.

WARNING

being charged.

Do not smoke while servicing batteries. Lead acid batteries give off explosive gases while



FIGURE 9. BATTERY CONNECTION

BATTERY, HOT LOCATION

Batteries will self discharge very quickly when installed where the ambient temperature is consistently above 90°F, such as in a boiler room. To lenghten battery life, dilute the electrolyte from its normal 1.275 specific gravity reading at full charge to a 1.225 reading. The cranking power is reduced slightly when the electrolyte is so diluted, but if the temperature is above 90°F, this should not be noticed. The lengthened battery life will be worth the effort.

- 1. Fully charge the battery.
- 2. With the battery still on charge, draw off the electrolyte above the plates in each cell. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO POUR OFF; use an hydrometer or filler bulb and dispose of it in a safe manner. Avoid skin or clothing contact with the electrolyte.
- 3. Refill each cell with distilled water, to normal level.
- 4. Continue charging for 1 hour at a 4 to 6 hour rate.
- 5. Test each cell. If the specific gravity is still above 1.255, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 until the reading is reduced to 1.225. Usually, repeating steps twice is sufficient.

REMOTE CONTROL CONNECTIONS

Provision is made for addition of remote starting. This is accomplished on a 4 place terminal block situated within the control box. Connect one or more remote switches across remote terminal and B+ terminal as shown in Figure 10. If the distance between the set and remote station is less than 1000-feet, use No. 18 AWG wire; between 1000- and 2000-feet, use No. 16AWG wire.



FIGURE 10. REMOTE STARTING WIRING CONNECTIONS

Most local regulations require that wiring connections be made by a licensed electrician and that the installation be inspected and approved before operation. All connections, wire sizes, etc. must conform to requirements of electrical codes in effect at the installation site.

If the installation is for standby service, a double throw transfer switch must always be used. Connect this switch (either automatic or manual) so that it is impossible for commercial power and generator current to be connected to the load at the same time. Instructions for connecting an automatic load transfer control are included with such equipment.



NOTE: SHOWN WITH LINE CONNECTED TO LOAD. FIGURE 11. LOAD TRANSFER SWITCH

Control Box Connections: The factory ships these 12 lead generators with load connection wires NOT connected together in the control box. These 12 wires are labeled T1 through T12 and must be brought together before making load connections. Proceed as follows:

- 1. Remove either right, left or top panel from control box. See Figure 12.
- 2. Connect wires together as shown on panel and in Figure 13 according to voltage desired.
- Open hinged control panel doors. Connect lead from terminal 63 to correct terminal for voltage. desired. These terminals are labeled H2, H3, H4, H5 and H6. See Figure 14.



FIGURE 12. CONTROL BOX (SIDE PANEL REMOVED)

- 4. Close front panel and secure with 1/4 turn fasteners.
- 5. Connect load wires to generator leads.

Preceding instructions do not apply to models with a 347/600 voltage (designated 9X) or a 120/240 voltage (designated 3R); these connections are made at the factory. The installer must only connect load wires.







FIGURE 14. CONNECTING LEAD FROM TERMINAL 63

120/240 Volt, Single Phase, 12 Lead: Terminal connection L0 can be the ground (neutral). For 120 volts, connect the hot load wires to either the L1 or L2 connection, Figure 15. Connect the neutral load wire to the L0 connection. Two 120 volt circuits are thus available, with not more than 1/3 the rated capacity of the set available on either circuit. If using both circuits, be sure to balance the load between them.

For 240 volts, connect one load wire to the L1 connection and the second load wire to the L2 connection. Terminal connection L0 is not used for 240 volt service.



FIGURE 15. 120/240 VOLT, SINGLE PHASE, 12 LEAD

120/240 Volt, 3 Phase, 4 Wire Delta Connected Set; 12 Lead: The 3 phase Delta connected set is designed to supply 120- and 240 volt, 1 phase current and 240 volt, 3 phase current, Figure 16. For 3 phase operation, connect the three load wires to generator terminals L1, L2 and L3 — one wire to each terminal. For 3 phase operation the L0 terminal is not used.

For 120/240 volt, 1 phase, 3 wire operation, terminals L1 and L2 are the "hot" terminals. The L0 terminal is the neutral, which can be grounded if required. For 120 volt service, connect the black load wire to either the L1 or L2 terminal. Connect the neutral (white) wire to the L0 terminal. Two 120 volt circuits are available.

Any combination of 1 phase and 3 phase loading can be used at the same time as long as no terminal current exceeds the NAMEPLATE rating of the generator. If no 3 phase output is used, usable 1 phase output is 2/3 of 3 phase KVA.



FIGURE 16. 3 PHASE, DELTA CONNECTION, 12 LEAD

3 Phase, 4 Wire, Wye Connected Set; 12 Lead: The 3 phase, 4 wire set produces line to neutral voltage and line to line voltage. The line to neutral voltage is the lower voltage as noted on the unit nameplate, and the line to line voltage is the higher nameplate voltage.

1

3

s,

- 17

ų,

For 3 phase loads, connect separate load wires to \hat{z} each of the set terminals L1, L2 and L3. Single phase output is obtained between any two 3 phase ter-r minals.

The terminal marked L0 can be grounded. For 1 phase loads, connect the neutral (white) load wire to the L0 terminal. Connect the black load wire to any one of the other three terminals — L1, L2 or L3. Three . separate 1 phase circuits are available, with not more than 1/6 the rated capacity of the set from any one circuit.

If using 1 phase and 3 phase current at the same time, use care to properly balance the 1 phase load, and not to exceed rated line current.

Figure 17 shows load connections for 120/208 voltage. Other voltages are available from either parallel wye or series wye illustration in Figure 13.



FIGURE 17. 3 PHASE, WYE CONNECTION, 12 LEAD

OPERATION

GENERAL

ONAN DYJ Series electric generating sets are given a complete running test under various load conditions and are thoroughly checked before leaving the factory. Inspect your unit closely for loose or missing parts and damage which may have occurred in transit. Tighten loose parts, replace missing parts and repair any damage before putting set into operation.

PRESTART SERVICING

Lubrication System: Engine oil was drained prior to shipment. Fill engine to capacities shown. After engine has been run, check dipstick, add oil to bring level to full mark. Record total capacity for future oil changes. For average operating conditions Service DS Series 3 lubricating oil is recommended. Do not mix brands or grades of lubricating oils.

Oil viscosity should be as follows:

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	USE SAE VISCOSITY
0°F and below	10W
0°F to 32°F	20W
Above 32°F	30W

Oil Capacities (nominal)

Oil Pan and Filter — 11 quarts

Oil quantity dipsticks have dual marking with high and low-level marks: static oil level on one side and engine at low speed marks on opposite side. Be sure to use proper scale.

Cooling System: Cooling system was drained prior to shipment. Fill cooling system before starting. Nominal capacity is 11 quarts. For units using either a radiator or heat exchanger (city water cooled), fill the system with clean soft water. Use a good rust and scale inhibitor additive. If a possibility exists of a radiator cooled set being exposed to freezing temperatures use anti-freeze with an ethylene-glycol base. During initial engine run, check the coolant level several times and replenish if necessary to compensate for air pockets which may have formed during filling. Refer to Allis-Chalmers engine manual for additional information.

CAUTION 1. Verify that the electric solenoid valve used with city water cooled plants is open before initial starting of plant to allow coolant chambers to fill. Overheating and damage to the engine could result from noncompliance.

2. If engine is equipped with a cooling system filter, do not use antifreeze with an anti-leak formula. The stop leak element can prevent or retard the coolant flow through the filter, thereby eliminating the filtering process completely.

3. Be careful when checking coolant under pressure. It is advisable to shut engine down and bleed off pressure before removing pressure cap. Severe burns could result from contact with hot coolant.

Fuel System: Refer to the Allis-Chalmers engine manual for fuel oil specifications. Check with fuel supplier and ensure that fuel supplied meets the specifications. Filter or strain fuel when filling tank. Fuel supply tanks should be kept as nearly full as possible by topping up each time engine is used. Warm fuel returning from the injector pump heats the fuel in the supply tank. If the fuel level is low in cold weather, the upper portion of the tank not heated by returning fuel tends to increase condensation. In warm weather both the supply tank and fuel are warm. Cool night air lowers the temperature of the tank more rapidly than the temperature of the fuel. Again this tends to increase condensation.

Condensate mixing with the sulphur in the fuel forms a sulphurous acid which will corrode and damage the engine. KEEP FUEL CLEAN.

WARNING

DO NOT SMOKE while handling fuel. Diesel fuel is flammable.

Priming Fuel System: Verify that all connections in the fuel system are secure and no leaks exist. Proceed with priming as follows:

- 1. Loosen filter vent screw (Figure 18).
- Using hand pump (Figure 18), prime system until fuel flow around filter vent screw is free of bubbles.
- 3. Secure vent screw and hand pump.

Ensure that hand primer pump is screwed in and secured before attempting to start engine.

Check all connections in fuel system for security, to ensure that pressure will not bleed off when engine is not in use. Pressure should be maintained for immediate starting if unit is on standby service.



FIGURE 18. FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM

BATTERIES

Ensure that the cable connections to the batteries are secure. Coat connections with petroleum based or non-conductive grease to retard formation of corrosive deposits.

Check level of electrolyte to be at split ring mark. Measure specific gravity of electrolyte: SG 1.280 at 80°F. If distilled water has been added or specific gravity is less than 1.280, place batteries on charge until desired reading is reached. Do not over charge.

STARTING

When the preceding service functions have been performed, recheck to verify unit is ready to start.

- 1. Crankcase filled.
- 2. Cooling system filled input solenoid valve open.
- 3. Batteries charged and connected.
- 4. Fuel solenoid valve open.

To start, move the "run-stop/reset-remote" switch to the "run" position. The engine should start after a few seconds of cranking. Immediately after start, observe the oil pressure gauge. Normal oil pressure is between 30 and 55 psi. Check the following gauges:

- 1. DC Ammeter 10 to 30 amperes.
- 2. AC Voltmeter AC generator output voltage.
- 3. Frequency Meter AC generator output frequency.

After running 10 minutes under load the water temperature gauge should have stabilized at 180° to 195°F. On city water cooled units an adjustable valve is connected in the water supply line. Adjust the hand wheel valve to provide a water flow that will keep the water temperature gauge reading within the range of 170°F to 200°F.

STOPPING

To reduce and stabilize engine temperatures, run the engine at no load for three to five minutes before shutting down.

Move the run-stop/reset-remote switch to stop position to shut down the set.

Break-In Note: Run set at 50 percent rated load for the first half-hour of initial operation after reaching operating temperature.

Non-Start: If after a few seconds of cranking engine fails to start, or starts and runs then stops and fault lamp lights, refer to appropriate troubleshooting chart, Table 3 or Table 4.

EXERCISE PERIOD

Generating sets on continuous standby service are required to be operative at full load from a cold start in less than 10-seconds in the event of a power outage.

This imposes severe conditions on the engine. Friction of dry piston rings upon dry cylinder walls causes scuffing and rapid wearing. These can be relieved by exercising the set at least once a week for a minimum time of 30-minutes per exercise period. Preferably, run the set under at least 50 percent load to allow the engine to reach normal operating temperature. This will keep engine parts lubricated, maintain fuel prime, prevent electrical relay contacts from oxidizing and insure easy emergency starts. ONAN automatic transfer switches contain an optional exercise switch which, by pre-selection, will start, determine run period and shut down a set on a weekly frequency. For example, the switch can be set for time of start, length of run, A.M. or P.M. and day of week.

After each exercise period, top up fuel tank, check engine for leaks and unit for general condition. Locate cause of leaks (if any) and correct.

TABLE 3TROUBLESHOOTING ENGINE SHUTDOWN SYSTEM
(Units with only one fault lamp)

SYMPTOM	CORRECTIVE ACTION
1. Fault lamp lights and engine stops cranking after approx- imately 75 seconds.	 See engine service manual for troubleshooting fuel system, ignition system, etc. After correcting problem, reset the engine monitor by moving run-stop/reset-remote switch to reset position. Release and return to run position.
2. Fault lamp lights immediately after engine starts.	 2. Check for: a. overspeed condition as engine starts. b. high temperature condition. c. faulty high engine temperature sensor or overspeed switch. d. faulty starter disconnect.
3. Fault lamp lights after engine is running.	 3. Check the following: a. Oil level-engine will shut down after approximately 12-1/2 seconds if low oil pressure sensor does not open. b. Oil pressure sensor may be defective. c. High engine temperature - caused by low coolant level, faulty thermostat, etc. d. Faulty high engine temperature sensor. e. Faulty starter disconnect.
4. Fault lamp lights - no fault condition exists.	 Be certain that no fault condition exists. Disconnect lead 29, 30 and 31 from TB11 inside control box (refer to wiring diagram). If fault lamp still lights with leads disconnected, remove and replace engine monitor plug-in printed circuit board.

TABLE 4 TROUBLESHOOTING ENGINE SHUTDOWN SYSTEM (Units with five fault lamps)

SYMPTOM	CORRECTIVE ACTION
 Overcrank fault lamp lights and engine stops cranking after approximately 75 seconds. 	 See engine service manual for troubleshooting fuel system, ignition system, etc. After correcting fault, reset monitor by moving run-stop/reset-remote switch to reset position, then to either run or remote to restart engine.
	,
2. Overcrank fault lamp lights after engine has run for approxi- mately 75 seconds.	2. Replace start-disconnect circuit board.
3. High engine temperature lamp lights as soon as engine starts.	3. Check for defective sensor or actual high temperature condition.
4. Low oil pressure lamp lights after engine is running.	 Check: a. Oil level - engine will shut down after approximately 12-1/2 seconds if oil pressure is low.
5. High engine temperature lamp lights after engine is running.	 5. Check for: a. Defective thermostat/thermostats. b. Low coolant level. c. Defective high engine temperature sensor.
 Overspeed lamp lights - no fault condition exists. 	6. Replace overspeed circuit board.
 Low oil pressure fault lamp lights - no fault condition exists. 	7. Be certain that no fault condition exists. Disconnect lead 30 from TB11 inside control box (refer to wiring diagram). If low oil pressure lamp still lights, remove and replace engine monitor plug-in printed circuit board.
 High engine temperature fault lamp lights - no fault condition exists. 	8. Be certain that no fault condition exists. Remove lead 31 from TB11 inside control box (refer to wiring diagram). If high engine temperature lamp still lights, remove and replace engine monitor plug-in printed circuit board.
 When pressing test lamp button - one or more fault lamps do not light. 	9. Fault lamp/lamps burned out - replace. Engine not running.

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NO LOAD OPERATION

Periods of no load operation should be held to a minimum. If it is necessary to keep the engine running for long periods of time when no electric output is required, best engine performance will be obtained by connecting a "dummy" electrical load. Such a load could consist of heater elements, etc.

OUT-OF-SERVICE PROTECTION

Protect a set that will be out-of-service for more than 30 days as follows:

- 1. Run set until thoroughly warm.
- 2. Drain oil from oil base while still warm. Refill and attach a warning tag stating oil viscosity used.
- 3. Remove each injector. Pour 1 ounce (two tablespoons) of rust inhibitor (or SAE #10 oil) into each cylinder. Crank engine over several times. Install injectors.
- 4. Service air cleaner as outlined in Allis-Chalmers Manual.
- 5. Clean throttle linkage and protect by wrapping with a clean cloth.
- 6. Plug exhaust outlets to prevent entrance of moisture, bugs, dirt, etc.
- 7. Wipe entire unit. Coat parts susceptible to rust with a light film of grease or oil.
- 8. Disconnect battery and follow standard battery storage procedure.
- 9. Provide a suitable cover for the entire unit.
- 10. See engine operation and maintenance manual.

HIGH TEMPERATURES

- 1. See that nothing obstructs air flow to-and-from the set.
- 2. Keep cooling system clean.
- 3. Use correct SAE No. oil for temperature conditions.

LOW TEMPERATURES

- 1. Use correct SAE No. oil for temperature conditions. Change oil only when engine is warm.
- 2. Use fresh fuel. Protect against moisture condensation.
- 3. Keep fuel system clean and batteries in a well charged condition.
- 4. Partially restrict cool air flow but use care to avoid overheating.
- 5. Connect water jacket heater when set is not running.
- 6. Refer to Allis-Chalmers manual for further information.

Water Jacket Heater: The function of this optional heater is to keep the engine warm enough to assure starting under adverse weather conditions. Connect the heater to a source of power that will be on during the time the engine is not running. Be sure the voltage rating is correct for the heater element rating (Figure 19).



FIGURE 19. ENGINE HEATER

HIGH ALTITUDE

Ratings apply to altitudes up to 1000 feet, standard cooling, normal ambients and with No. 2 Diesel fuel. Consult factory or nearest authorized Onan distributor for operating characteristics under other conditions.

Engine horsepower loss is approximately 3 percent for each 1000 feet of altitude above sea level for a naturally aspirated engine. Use lower power requirement at high altitudes to prevent smoke, overfueling and high temperatures.

GENERAL MAINTENANCE

GENERAL

Follow a definite schedule of inspection and servicing, based on operating hours. Keep an accurate record of operating time. Use the running time meter to keep a record of operation and servicing. Service periods outlined below are for normal service and operating conditions. For continuous duty, extreme temperature, etc., service more frequently. For infrequent use, light duty, etc., service periods can be lengthened accordingly. Refer to the Allis-Chalmers engine manual for details of engine service and maintenance procedures.

	0	OPERATIONAL HOURS					
MAINTENANCE ITEMS	8	50	100	200-250			
Inspect Plant	×						
Check Fuel -	x						
Check Radiator Coolant Level	×						
Check Oil Level	×	<u> </u>					
Check Air Cleaner (Clean if Required)		x1					
Clean Injector Pump		×1					
Clean and Inspect Crankcase Breather			x				
Inspect Fan Belt			x2				
Drain Fuel Filter Sediment	×						
Check Cooling System	•	Ι	x3				
Clean and Inspect Battery Charging Alternator				x			
Check Starter				x4			
Check Injection Nozzles				x5			
Replace Fuel Filter Elements				x1			
Change Crankcase Oil			x1, 7				
Replace Oil Filter Element			x1, 7				
Check Batteries				x			

OPERATOR MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

x1 Perform more often in extremely dusty conditions.

x2 Adjust to 1/2 inch depression between pulleys.

- x3 Check for rust or scale formation. Flush if necessary.
- x4 Oil front bearing sparingly, check brushes.
- x5 Check for proper spray pattern, etc. Refer to the Allis-Chalmers manual.

x7 Perform every 3 months or 100 hrs, whichever comes first.

ENGINE SPEED

Generator frequency output current is in direct ratio to the engine speed. Engine speed is controlled by the built-in governor of the fuel injection pump. The original factory governor setting should not be disturbed. However, in case of pump repair, the governor is easily reset.

- 1. See that the injection pump is properly timed to the engine. Refer to the Allis-Chalmers engine manual.
- 2. Refer to instructions in Allis-Chalmers manual for governor adjustment. Adjust engine speed to 1800 rpm for 60 Hertz operation, and 1500 rpm for 50 Hertz operation. Use an accurate tachometer for determining engine speed settings, or panel frequency meter connected to AC generator output terminals. Multiply frequency by 30 to obtain engine speed.

EXAMPLE: 30 x 61 (Hertz) equals 1830 rpm.

Check generator voltage. It may be necessary to make a slight readjustment of the speed setting to obtain the preferred voltage at average load. A range of 1830 to 1890 rpm (61 to 63 Hertz) might give the desired voltage.

BATTERIES

Check the condition of the starting batteries at least every two weeks. See that connections are clean and tight. A light coating of grease will retard corrosion at terminals. Keep the electrolyte at the proper level above the plates by adding distilled water.

CONNECTIONS (Fuel, Exhaust, Etc.)

Operator should periodically make a complete visual inspection of the set while running at rated load. Some of the things to check for are as follows:

- 1. Check all fuel and oil lines for possible leakage.
- 2. Inspect exhaust lines and mufflers for possible leakage and cracks.
- 3. Periodically or daily, drain moisture from condensation traps.
- 4. Inspect water lines and connections for leaks and security.
- 5. Inspect electrical wires for security.

COOLANT CORROSION RESISTOR (Water Filter)

The PAF formula elements (borate) can be used with most permanent antifreezes; it is not recommended for use with plain water. It is necessary to drain and flush the system thoroughly when changing from one element formula to the other if a non-compatible antifreeze is in use. Refer to Figure 21 for disassembly.



FIGURE 21. CHANGING CORROSION RESISTOR ELEMENT AND PLATE

Initially the element should be changed after 150 hours of operation for borate (PAF) formula filter elements.

At each 300 to 500 hour interval of operation, depending on conditions, service the coolant filter as follows:

- 1. Thoroughly clean filter body and surrounding area.
- 2. Close coolant inlet and outlet shutoff valves.
- 3. Remove drain plug from bottom of filter body and drain coolant.
- 4. Remove capscrews attaching filter cover to body and remove cover, Figure 21.
- 5. Lift upper plate and filter element out of filter. body. Discard filter element.
- 6. Remove lower corrosion resistor plate and spring from filter body.
- 7. Inspect and clean lower corrosion resistor plate, buffing it to a bright finish. If plate is thin and pliable, or has developed holes, replace it.

- 8. Remove and clean sump area in filter body.
- 9. Install spring and lower corrosion resistor plate.
- 10. Install new filter element.
- 11. Position upper plate in filter body.
- 12. Make certain gasket is in good condition, then install cover and secure with attaching capscrews.
- 13. Replace drain plug and open inlet and outlet shutoff valves.

Do not use soluble oil or other conditioners in the cooling system. However, filter efficiency is not affected by use of permanent type antifreeze in the system.

Whenever coolant supply is changed (spring and fall), the system must be drained and flushed.

On an extremely dirty system, the coolant should be drained and flushed before a new element is installed. In a few rare cases, additional flushing and change of filter may be necessary in order to completely purge the system. Generating sets subject to excessive idling or frequent start and stop cycles, or units located in areas with dust, air contaminants, or other noxious atmospheric conditions, will require more frequent servicing.

After maintenance has been completed, check flow indicator if one has been installed to see if air bubbles (which can cause pump cavitation) are in the system. If air is present, bleed the system by disconnecting the filter outlet line momentarily until the coolant flows in a solid stream.

AC GENERATOR

There are no brushes, brush springs or collector rings on these generators, therefore they require very little servicing. Periodic inspections, to coincide with engine oil changes, will ensure good performance.

Generator Bearing: Inspect the bearing every 1000 hours with the unit running.

If using the unit for "prime power", replace the bearing every 10,000 hours or two years. If using the set for "standby", replace the bearing every five years.

Inspection and Cleaning: When inspecting the voltage regulator and exciter assemblies, be sure the diodes and heat sinks are kept free of dust, dirt and grease. Blow the assemblies out periodically with filtered, low pressure, compressed air. Also check these diodes for security.



Excessive foreign matter on diodes and heat sinks will cause overheating and possible failure.

If generator requires major repair or servicing, contact an authorized Onan dealer or distributor.

PARTS CATALOG

This catalog applies to the DYJ generator sets listed below. Engine parts modified or added by Onan will be in this list and have Onan part numbers. These supersede similar parts listed in the Allis-Chalmers manual. Onan parts are arranged in groups of related items and are identified by a reference. All part illustrations are typical. Using the Model and Specification from the Onan nameplate, select the parts from this catalog that apply to your set.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ORDERING REPAIR PARTS

ONAN PARTS

All parts in this list are Onan parts. For Onan parts or service, contact the dealer from whom you purchased this equipment or your nearest authorized service station. To avoid errors or delay in filling your order, please refer to the Onan nameplate and give the complete MODEL, SPECIFICATION and SERIAL NUMBER.

MODEL AND SPECIFICATION**	WATTS
45.0DYJ-15R/*	-



* - The Specification Letter advances (A to B, B to C, etc.) with manufacturing changes.

* - Refer to Specifications Section (Generator Details) in Operator's Manual for Electrical Data.

ALLIS-CHALMERS PARTS

All Allis-Chalmers parts must be ordered from the Allis-Chalmers Company of Harvey, Illinois or your nearest authorized distributor. When ordering parts, refer to the Allis-Chalmers nameplate giving the complete engine model, catalog number and serial number.





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REF. NO.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART	REF. NO.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION
1	193-0108	1	Sender, Oil Pressure Gauge	27	CABLE, BA		
2	193-0109	1	Sender, Water Temperature		416-0618	1	Positive (42")
			Gauge		416-0619	1	Negative (18")
3	309-0179	1	Switch, High Water	28	416-0446	1	Cable, Battery Jumper
			Temperature	29	505-0007	1	Bushing (3/8 x 1/8"),
. 4	309-0169	· 1 .	Switch, Low Oil Pressure		· ·		Reducer
5	505-0117	1	Bushing (1/2 x 3/8"),	30	338-0519	1	Harness, Wiring - Engine
	: ·		Reducer - Block Drain	_			Control
6	504-0028	1	Valve (3/8"), Drain -	31	191-0725	1	Guard, Alternator Belt
			Block	32	191-0872	1	Bracket, Alternator
7	134-1437	1	Spring, Injection Pump	33	191-0721	1.	Motor, Starting
		· .	Lever	34	191-0732	1	Regulator, Voltage (Part
8	149-0554	1	Pump (Electric), Fuel				of Alternator)
			(See Separate Group for	35	800-0026	1 .	Screw (5/16-18 x 3/4") -
			Components)				Terminal Bracket Mounting
9	149-1162	1	Bracket, Fuel Pump	36	856-0008	1	Washer (5/16"), Shakeproof
			Mounting	1			EIT - Terminal Bracket
10	502-0002	1	Elbow, Fuel Pump Inlet				Mounting
11	501-0002	1	Line (7"), Fuel - Flexible	37	511-0095	1	Belt, Alternator Drive
12	503-0098	1 - E	Hose, Oil Drain	38	140-1091	1	Cleaner, Air (Includes
13	503-0197	, 1	Clamp, Oil Drain			• .	Element)
14	505-0100	· 1	Nipple (1/2"), Close -	39	503-0597	1	Hose, Air Cleaner
			Oil Drain	40	503-0648	2	Clamp, Air Cleaner Hòse
15	504-0011	1	Valve, Oil Drain	41 ·	140-1089	1	Element, Air Cleaner
16	505-0185	1	Nipple (1/2 x 1-1/2"),	42	800-0069	1.	Screw (7/16-14 x 3/4") -
	•		Half - Oil Drain				Battery Cable to Ground
17	505-0098	· 1	Nipple (1/8 x 3/4"),	43	856-0012	1	Washer (7/16"), Shake-
			Close - Oil Sender and	1			proof EIT
	. •		Switch	44	800-0003	2	Screw (1/4-20 x 1/2") -
18	505-0059	1	Tee (1/8") - Oil Sender			-	Fuel Pump Mounting
			and Switch	45	850-0040	2	Washer (1/4"), Lock
19	191-0873	1	Spacer, Alternator Mounting	46	862-0001	2	Nut (1/4-20), Hex
20	312-0058	1	Condenser, Alternator	47			RMOUNTING
21	191-0665	1	Alternator, Charge (Includes		800-0013	1	5/16-18 x 1-1/4"
			Fan)		800-0025	1	5/16-18 x 5/8"
22	191-0649	1	Pulley, Alternator	48	850-0045	2 `	Washer (5/16"), Lock
23	505-0099	1	Nipple (1/4 x 7/8"),	49	526-0115	2	Washer (5/16"), Flat
			Close - Block Drain	50	800-0055	3	Screw (3/8-16 x 2-1/4") -
24	505-0038	. 1	Elbow (1/4 x 90°), Pipe -				Starter Motor Mounting
05	000 4000		Block Drain	51	850-0050	3	Washer (3/8"), Lock
25	332-1292	1	Bracket, Terminal Mounting	· 52	309-0269	1	Switch, Low Engine Temperature
26	505-0021	1	Bushing $(3/4 \times 1/2^{\prime\prime})$,			•	- Optional
			Reducer - Oil Drain				

ELECTRIC FUEL PUMP	GROUP	REF. NO.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	DES	PART CRIPTION	•
	765	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	149-0554 149-1453 149-1446 149-1447 149-1445 149-1445 149-1448 149-1449 149-1450 149-1451 149-0705 149-1452	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Pump, Fuel (C Cover Gasket, Cover Magnet Filter Retainer, Cup Washer, Cup Gasket, Spring Spring Cup ar Spring, Plunger	Complete) and Plunger Gasket g Cup nd Valve	
Canadia	o o o		.	•	• • •		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:	•			• •	
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REF. NO.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION	REF. NO.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION
1	403-0900	a 1	Chassis, Front	29	809-0059	3	Screw (#14 x 1/2"), Self
2	403-0894	1	Chassis, Rear - Housed Sets				Locking - Housed Sets
<u>່</u> 3	405-1780	1	Panel, Rear Housing	30	870-0106	3	Nut (#14), Speed
		_	Access - Housed Sets	31	800-0048	6	Screw (3/8-16 x 3/4") -
4	403-0895	2	Cover, Conduit Opening -				Housed Sets
·. ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Housed Sets	32	850-0050	6	Washer (3/8"), Lock -
5	405-1804	4	Panel (Side), Door -				Housed Sets
•	100 0105	•	Housed Sets	33	870-0113	As Req.	
6	406-0105	8	Clamp, Door - Housed Sets	.34	870-0020	6	Nut (5/16-18)
7	405-2149	1	Panel, Top - Housed Sets	35	800-0003	.4	Screw (1/4-20 x 1/2") Washer (1/4"), Flat
8	405-1777	1	Panel, Rear Door -	-36	526-0018	8 4	Washer (1/4), Flat Washer (1/4"), Lock
•			Housed Sets	37	850-0040	4	
9	406-0157	1	Handle (Includes Keys),	38	862-0001	4	Nut (1/4-20), Hex Screw (3/4-10 x 1") -
			Door - Housed Sets	39	800-0520	1	Vibration Mount to
10	406-0089	1	Catch, Door - Housed Sets				
11	405-1775	1	Panel, Rear - Housed Sets	·	000 0000	2	Support Screw (1/2-13 x 1") -
12	821-0014	As Req.		· 40	800-0090	2	Vibration Mount
40	105 1150		Self Locking			3	Washer (1/2"), Lock
13	405-1153	1	Panel, Front - Radiator	41	850-0060	3	Nut (1/2-13), Hex
14	405 1165	-	Cooled Sets	42	862-0016	2	Screw (7/16-14 x 1-1/2") -
14	405-1165	1	Extension, Radiator Hood - Unhoused Radiator Cooled	43	800-0073	. 2	Engine Support
			Sets		050 0055	0	Washer (7/16"), Lock
15	403-0896	1	Trim, Right Hand Chassis -	44	850-0055	· 2 · 1	Screw (1/2-13 x 1-1/4") -
15	403-0890		Unhoused Sets	45	800-0091	I	Ground Strap
16	403-0897	1	Trim, Left Hand Chassis - Unhoused Sets	46	856-0013	1	Washer (1/2"), Shakeproof EIT
17	416-0480	1	Frame, Battery Hold-down	47	800-0071	1	Screw (7/16-14 x 1") -
18	520-0663	2	Stud, Battery Hold-down		000 007 1	· · · ·	Ground Strap
19	405-1776	2	Support, Housing Center -	48	856-0012	1	Washer (7/16"), Shake-
			Housed Sets		000 0012	-	proof EIT
20	337-0090	1	Strap, Ground	49	813-0098	22	Screw (10-32 x 3/8") -
21	508-0001	1	Grommet, Rubber - Control Box			· .	Housed Sets
			Housing (2 used on Housed Models)	50	850-0030	22	Washer (#10), Lock - Housed Sets
22	403-0908	. 1	Support, Engine Mount	51	870-0053	16	Nut (10-32) - Housed
23	402-0030	1	Mount, Vibration		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Sets
24	301-3155	1	Housing, Control Box - Unhoused Sets	52	815-0026 ,	18	Screw (10-32 x 3/8"), Truss Head - Control
25	PANEL, CO	NTROL BO	XHOUSING	1	050 0010	10	Box Panel Mounting
	301-3156	3	Unhoused Sets	53	853-0018	18	Washer (#10), Shakeproof E T
	301-3156	2	Housed Sets, Also Unhoused	54	526-0115	2	Washer (5/16"), Flat
			Sets With Circuit Breaker	55	850-0045	2	Washer (5/16"), Lock
	301-3156	_ 1	Housed Sets With Circuit Breaker	56	865-0007	2	Nut (5/16-18), Wing - Battery Hold-down Stud
26	821-0010 ·	As Rea.	Screw (1/4-20 x 1/2"),	57	301-3191	. 1	Box, Junction - Housed Sets
		··- 4'	Self Locking	58	234-0369	1	Cover, End Bell - Housed Sets
27	301-3154	1	Saddle, Control Box Housing - Unhoused Sets	59	301-3195	1	Plate, Junction Box Bottom - Housed Sets
28	821-0016	4	Screw (5/16-18 x 3/4"),	60	301-3196	1	Bracket, Junction Box
			Self Locking - Housed Sets				



	EL ONLY, EN		DESCRIPTION	N	0.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION
1 PANE		GINE CC	NTROL	18	}	MONITOR.	ENGINE C	ONTROL
301-3	3165	1 Se	ts With One Fault Light					
301-3	3267	1 Se	ts With Five Fault			300-0679	1	Sets With One Fault Light -
			Lights - Optional					Standard
2 301-3	3253	1 Br	acket, Engine Control			300-0730	1	Sets With One Fault Light -
3 SWIT	CH (S.P.D.T.), TOGG	LE					Penn State Units - Optional
308-0			andard Units			300-0681	1	Sets With Five Fault Lights -
308-0)327	1 Pe	nn State Units - Optional			•		Optional
4 308-0	0002	1 Sv	vitch Panel Light	19)	HARNESS	ASSEMBLY	WIRING-CONTROL
5 193-0)107	1 Ga	auge, Oil Pressure			(Includes P	arts Markeo	
6 193-0	0106	1 Ga	auge, Water Temperature			338-0528	1	Sets With One Fault Light -
7 302-0	0061	1 An	nmeter, Charge (30-0-30)	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -				Standard
8 332-1	239	1 St	rip, Marker (B+, Remote,			338-0534	. 1	Sets With Five Fault Lights -
			Ground Alarm)		_			Optional
9 332-1	1241	1 St	rip, Marker (21 through 36)	20		332-0537	1	*Block, Terminal - 4 Place
. 10 308-0	0003		ate, Switch (On-Off)	21		332-0795	1	*Block, Terminal - 16 Place
11 332-1	1276		ug, Keying (Sets With	22		323-0765	2	*Socket, Relay - 11 Place
• .			Five Fault Lights Use	23	5	332-1271	2	*Housing, Printed Circuit
		· · _ '	Quantity of 1)			000 0054		Board Terminal
12 307-1	1058		lay (1) Start Disconnect	24	•	332-0051	1	Clip, Tinnerman
40 007			(1) Ignition	27		323-0764	1	*Socket, Relay - 8 Place
13 307-1			elay, Start Solenoid	28		332-1269		*Terminal, PC Board
14 322-0			older, Lamp	29		332-1280	As Req.	*Terminal, Crimp
	P, FAULT	I La	mp, Panel	30)	332-1043	ا	*Jumper, Terminal - Sets With
322-0		1 94	andard Sets	31		307-1061		One Fault Light Relay, Starter Protection
322-0			vercrank (Optional)	32		307-1061	1	*Block, Terminal (6 Place) -
322-0			verspeed (Optional)		2	332-0699	1	Sets With Five Fault
322-0			w Oil Pressure (Optional)					Lights
322-0			gh Engine Temperature	33	,	332-1240		Strip, Marker (53 through 58) -
022-0			(Optional)	30	>	332-1240		Sets With Five Fault Lights
322-0	0110		w Engine Temperature	34		307-1157	3	Spring, Relay Hold-down
022-0	5110		(Optional)	. 3	•	307-1157	्ञ	Spring, Helay Hold-down
17 CON	TROL, CRAN		(optional)	· ·	_ 1	Included in	Wiring Har	ness Assembly.
300-0			andard Cranker		- 1		witting that	ness Assenibly.
300-0			cle Cranker (Optional)				•	
								X. The second second second



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8				38	27 42	
REF		PART DESCRIPTION	REF. NO.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION
1	301-3158 1	Box, Control	25	STRIP, MAR		•
2	PANEL, CONTROL BO	X		332-1248	1	(H2-H6, 61-67) - Sets Without
	301-3170 1 301-3168 1	Sets with Meter Panel Sets without Meter Panel		332-1242	1	Meter Panel (H2-H6, 61-71) - Sets With
3	337-0049 1	Strap, Bond				Meter Panel
4	402-0078 4	Dampener, Vibration	27		VIRING - A	AC CONTROL (Includes Parts
5	508-0001 4	Grommet (1-1/16"), Rubber		Marked *) 338-0764	1	Sets Without Meter Panel
6	302-0718 . 1	Voltmeter, AC - Dual Scale	1	338-0784	1	Sets With Meter Panel
7	*AMMETER, AC	0-300, 0-600	29	320-0431	i	Breaker (2 Amp), Circuit
1	302-0720 1	45.0KW - Dual Scale				(Exciter)
	002 0120	0-100, 0-200	32	320-0307	1	Lock, Circuit Breaker
	302-0719 1	37.5KW - Dual Scale				Handle (Penn State Models) - Optional
-		. 0-75, 0-150	33	406-0332	2	Receptacle, Fastenér
8	★METER, FREQUENCY 302-0221 1	60 Hertz	34	406-0333	2	Stud, Fastener
	302-0256 1	50 Hertz	35	406-0334	2	Washer, Stud Fastener
9	*METER, RUNNING TIM	1E	36	332-0050 *BLOCK, TER	- 1 2MINAL	Clip, Tinnerman
	302-0466 1	60 Hertz	38	332-0607		12 Place - Sets Without
10	302-0469 1 SWITCH, SELECTOR	50 Hertz			•	Meter Panel
10	308-0012 1	Voltmeter - Sets Without	1	332-0795	1	16 Place - Sets With
		Meter Panel		000 070 -		Meter Panel
	308-0284 1	Voltmeter and Ammeter - Sets	39	323-0764	1 As Reg	*Socket, Relay *Terminal, Crimp
. 11	303-0076 1	With Meter Panel Knob, Selector Switch	40	332-1280 *TRANSFORI		
. 11	322-0131 1	Light, Upper Scale		302-0106	3	45.0 KW Units
14	322-0130 1	Light, Lower Scale	1	302-0079	3	37.5 KW Units
15	307-1061 1	Relay, Voltage Selector	42	302-0729	1	*Bracket, Transformer Mounting
16	301-3244 1	Bracket, Relay Mounting	43	302-0235	3	 Clamp, Transformer Mounting Upper
17 18	315-0384 1 307-1157 1	Reactor Assembly, Commutator Spring, Relay Hold-down	44	302-0236	3	+Clamp, Transformer Mounting
10	303-0170 1	Rheostat, Voltage Adjusting		302 0200	U U	- Lower
20		Knob, Rheostat	45	302-0253		*Shim, Transformer Mounting
21	350-0556 1	*Resistor	46	813-0110	6	*Screw (10-32 x 2"),
22	315-0342 1	Transformer, Voltage	47	854-0010	6	Round Head ★Washer (#10), Shakeproof IT
23 24	305-0524 1 332-1268 1	Bridge, Rectifier Board Assembly, Printed				
<u> </u>		Circuit - Voltage		- Units With M		
		Regulator	* -	- included in V	wiring Ha	rness Assembly.

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GENERATOR GROUP

REF. NO.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION	REF.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION
1	*	1	Rotor Assembly, Wound (Includes Parts Marked *)	23	800-0008	2	Screw (1/4-20 x 1-1/4") - Screen Mounting
2	205-0089	· 1	*Blower	24	800-0009	4	Screw (1/4-20 x 1-1/2") -
3	510-0101	1	*Bearing				Stator Mounting
4	*	1	Stator Assembly, Wound	25	862-0001	2	Nut (1/4-20) - Generator
5	805-0033	8	*Bolt, Place - Drive Disc to	1	•		Screen
			Hub	26	812-0189	1	Screw (3/8-16 x 3/4"),
6	526-0259	8	*Washer (5/8")	1			Round Head - Overspeed
7	805-0018	8	Bolt, Place - Drive Disc to				Switch Mounting
			Engine	27	856-0010	1	Washer (3/8"), Shakeproof
8	150-0717	1	Switch Assembly, Overspeed	1			EIT
9	211-0185	1	Bell, End	28	862-0011	4	Nut (3/8-16) - Generator
10	234-0365	1	Screen, Generator	1			Through Stud
11	232-2106	· 2	Bracket, Generator Mounting	29	850-0050	4	Washer (3/8")
12	850-0079	1	★Washer (3/4"), Lock	30	503-0611	4	Hose, Insulator
13	232-2078	1	Disc, Generator Drive	31	201-1739	1	*Rotor Assembly, Wound -
14	234-0370	. 1	Grille, Generator Air Inlet -				Exciter (Includes Diodes)
	•		Unhoused Sets	- 32	RECTIFIER,	DIODE (P	art of Exciter Rotor)
15	234-0361	1	Wrapper, Generator End Bell -		358-0015	3	Negative
			Unhoused Sets		358-0016	. 3	Positive
16	509-0125	1	Seal, O-Ring - Bearing	33	HEAT SINK	DIODE	
17	526-0238	1	*Washer, Bearing Retainer		363-0055	1	Negative
18	800-0513	1	Screw, Bearing Retainer		363-0054	1	Positive
19	520-0721	4	Stud, Generator Through	34	870-0053	6	Nut (10-32) - Diode Mounting
20	150-1456	1	Bracket and Point Assembly,	35	850-0030	6	Washer (#10) - Diode Mounting
			Overspeed Switch	36	813-0110	4	Screw (10-32 x 2"), Round
21	800-0003	2	Screw (1/4-20 x 1-1/4″) -				Head - Heat Sink Mounting
			Bracket Mounting	37	526-0140	4	Washer (#10)
22	850-0040	8	Washer (1/4"), Lock	38	332-0050	2	Clip, Wire

REF. NO.	PART NO.	OTY.	PART DESCRIPTION	REF. NO.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION
39	508-0124	4	Bushing, Insulating	49	850-0040	4	Washer (1/4"), Lock
40	508-0156	. 4	Washer, Insulating	50	800-0091	4 -	Screw (1/2-13 x 1-1/4") -
41	850-0030	4	Washer (#10)				Generator Support to Chassis
42	870-0053	4	Nut (10-32) - Heat Sink	51	850-0060	4	Washer (1/2"), Lock
			Mounting	52	402-0030	2	Mount, Vibration
43	220-1774	. 1	Stator Assembly, Wound - Exciter	53	800-0520	2	Screw (3/4-10 x 1") - Vibration Mount to Stator
44	232-2102	1	*Spacer, Bearing				Assembly
[·] 45	515-0145	. 1	*Key, Exciter Rotor	54	800-0071	4	Screw (7/16-14 x 1") -
46	800-0052	8	Screw (3/8-16 x 1-1/2") - Stator Assembly to Generator		· .		Generator Support to Vibration Mount
			Adapter	55	850-0055	4	Washer (7/16"), Lock
47	850-0050	8	Washer (3/8"), Lock			•	
48	812-0146	4	Screw (1/4-20 x 3/8"), Round Head - Air Inlet Grille Mounting	1	Serial Numb	er from the	complete Model, Spec and e Onan Nameplate. tor Assembly.



REF. NO.	PART NO.	OTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION
1	155-1268	1	Muffler
2	140-064 9	2	Band, Muffler
3	155-0978	1	Shield, Heat
4	155-0789	2	Support
5	505-0172	['] 1	Nipple (2"), Close
6	505-0454	1	Union (2")
7	155-1339	1	Tube, Exhaust
9	526-0172	. 4	Spacer
10	862-0015	10	Nut (5/16-18)
11	850-0045	10	Washer (5/16")
12	800-0026	6	Screw (5/16-18 x 3/4")
13	800-0028	4	Screw (5/16-18 x 1")
14	505-0203	. 1	Coupling (2")

179-2020

WATER JACKET HEATER INSTALLATION



			· · ·
REF. NO.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION
_1	505-0019	1	Bushing (1/2-3/8"), Reducer
2	505-0101	2	Nipple (3/8 x 1"), Close
3	505-0039	2 2	Elbow (3/8 x 90°), Pipe
4	505-0135	2	Nipple (3/8 x 1-1/2"), Half
5		1	Hose (Order 34" of Bulk Hose #503-0386)
6	800-0031	1	Screw (5/16-18 x 1-1/2")
7	526-0115	2	Washer (5/16"), Flat
8	856-0008	2	Washer (5/16"), Shakeproof EIT
9	850-0045	1	Washer (5/16"), Lock
10	862-0015	1	Nut (5/16-18)
11	333-0052	່ 1	Heater
12	530-0183	.4	Clamp, Hose
13	856-0010 [.]	1	Washer (3/8"), Shakeproof EIT
14	850-0050	1	Washer (3/8"), Lock
15	· .	1	Hose (Order 21" of Bulk Hose #503-0386)
16	508-0008	1	Grommet
17	333-0012	1	Box, Thermostat Mounting
18	332-0149	1	Terminal
19	520-0446	2	Stud (#10-32)
20	850-0030	2	Washer (#10), Lock
21	870-0053	2	Nut (10-32), Lock
22	333-0013	1	Cover, Thermostat Mounting Box
23	309-0106	1	Thermostat
24	812-0076	2	Screw (#8-32)
25	850-0025	2	Washer (#8), Lock
26		2	Screw (Part of #23)

179-0409

SOLENOID VALVE & REGULATOR INSTALLATION (Heat Exchanger Cooled With Marsh Regulator)



REF. NO.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION
1	130-0863	. 1	Bracket, Heat Exchanger Mounting
2	821-0014	6	Screw (5/16-18 x 1/2"), Self Locking
3	505-0109	. 1	Nipple (1-1/2 x 2-1/2"), Short
4	505-0043	3	Elbow (1-1/2" x 90°), Pipe
5	505-0642	2	Nipple (1-1/2 x 4"), Pipe
6	505-0032	1	Coupling (1-1/2"), Pipe
7	130-0864	1	Guard, Belt
8	505-0129	1	Bushing (3/4 x 1"), Reducer
9	•	1	Hose (Order 3" of Bulk Hose Number 503-0250)
10	503-0465	2	Clamp, Hose
11	505-0220	2 2	Nipple (1-1/2 x 1-3/4"), Close
12	307-1139	1	Valve, Solenoid (12 Volt)
13	505-0004	2	Nipple (1 x 1-1/2"), Close
14	309-0242		Valve, Water Temperature Control (12 Volt)
15	505-0024	1.	Bushing (1-1/2 x 1"), Reducer
16	800-0049	4	Screw (3/8-16 x 7/8")
17	850-0050	4	Washer (3/8"), Lock
18	862-0003	4	Nut (3/8-16), Hex



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REF. NO.	PART NO.	QTY. USED	PART DESCRIPTION
1	130-0863	1	Bracket, Heat Exchanger Mounting
2	821-0014	6	Screw (5/16-18 x 1/2"), Self Locking
3	505-0109	. 1	Nipple (1-1/2 x 2-1/2"), Short
4	505-0043	3	Elbow (1-1/2" x 90°), Pipe
5	505-0642	2	Nipple (1-1/2 x 4"), Pipe
6	505-0032	1	Coupling (1-1/2"), Pipe
7	130-0864	1	Guard, Belt
8	504-0003	2	Valve, Drain
9	-	1	Hose (Order 3" of Bulk Hose Number 503-0250)
10	503-0465	2	Clamp, Hose
11	505-0220	2	Nipple (1-1/2 x 1-3/4"), Close
12	307-1139	1	Valve, Solenoid (12 Volt)
13	505-0004	2	Nipple (1 x 1-1/2"), Close
15	505-0024	1	Bushing (1-1/2 x 1"), Reducer
16	504-0090	1	Valve, Globe
17	800-0049	4	Screw (3/8-16 x 7/8")
18	850-0050	4.	Washer (3/8"), Lock
19	862-0003	4	Nut (3/8-16), Hex



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.....and this certificate with the Onan electric plant you purchased proves we mean it! When this plant left our factory in Minneapolis it took with it our sincere assurance that it will produce exactly as stated on its nameplate.

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> PERFORMANCE CERTIFIED

testing laboratory.

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